



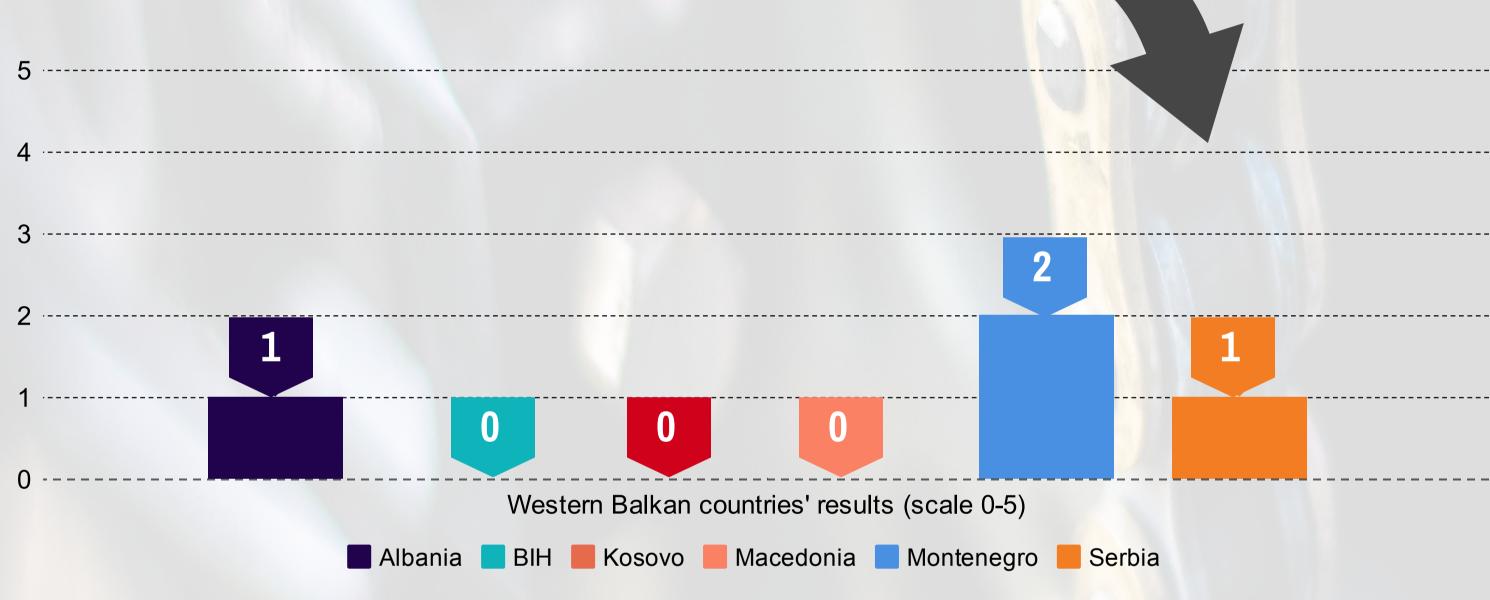
What do consultation practices in the Westen Balkans lack?

transparent feedback to the consultees

purposive engagement of diverse stakeholder groups (particularly **gender** and **disability** groups)

keeping and publishing documentation on the consultation process





Participation of civil society organisations in the governmental monitoring and coordination structures for PAR is an exception rather than a standard in the Western Balkans!

The only two cases where CSOs have been included:





SERBIA - administrative level structure



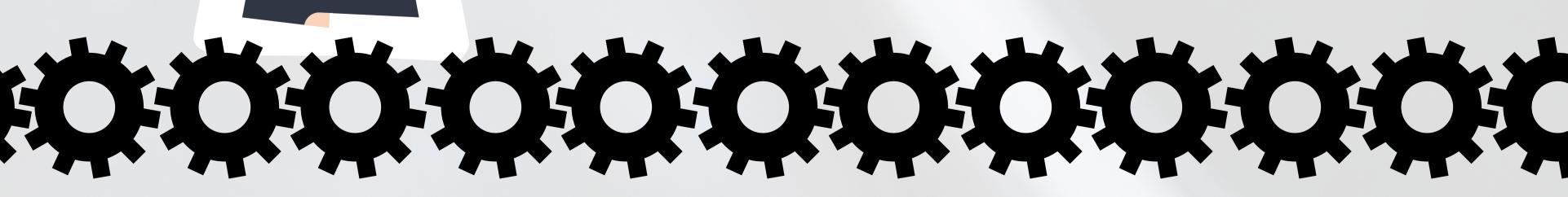
Meetings of the coordination body involving CSOs have been irregular, which diminishes effective participation of civil society.

In ALBANIA, although participation of CSOs is envisaged for both administrative and political PAR coordination structures, WeBER did not find evidence of this being implemented in practice.



Underdeveloped policy monitoring and coordination practices in the Western Balkans are one of the reasons for poor involvement of CSOs in PAR. There is also a lack of recognition that the civil society can substantively contribute at the policy implementation stage.















Europe Network

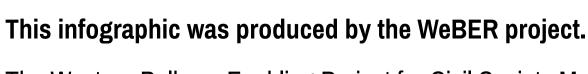










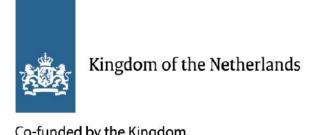


The Western Balkans Enabling Project for Civil Society Monitoring of Public Administration Reform – WeBER – is a three-year project aiming to increase the relevance, participation and capacity of civil society organisations and media in the Western Balkans to advocate for and influence the design and implementation of public administration reform.

WeBER is implemented by the Think for Europe Network (TEN), composed of six EU policy-oriented think tanks in the Western Balkans, and in partnership with the European Policy Centre (EPC) from Brussels.

See more at: www.par-monitor.org





necessarily refect the views of the European Union and the Kingdom of the Netherlands.

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